

Tutorial 08: June 28

- (Question 2c) Prove that $\sqrt{\log(\log(n))} \in o(n)$ from first principles. Here, you can assume that we limit the domain of our functions to $n \geq 2$, so that $\sqrt{\log(\log(n))}$ is well-defined.
- (Question 3a) What is the average runtime, as a function of n , of the following pseudo-code segment? The average is taken over all choices of (A, i) , where A is a size- n array storing the integers $\{0, 1, \dots, n-1\}$ and i is in $\{0, \dots, n-1\}$. Give a $\Theta(\)$ expression. Justify your answer.

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1 Procedure algo( $A, i$ )
   Input:  $A$ : an array of size  $n$  storing all integers in the set  $\{0, 1, \dots, n-1\}$ 
   Input:  $i$ : integer in  $\{0, \dots, n-1\}$ 
2   if  $A[0] = i$  then
3     for  $j \leftarrow 1$  to  $i^2$  do
4       | print  $j$ 
5     end
6   end

```

- (Question 5a) Design a comparison-based algorithm that does the following. You are given a size n -array of distinct integers A and a binary tree T with n nodes. You have to assign each integer $A[i]$ ($i = 0, \dots, n-1$) to one of the nodes in T , so that the resulting tree is a binary search tree. You can assume that the nodes in T have attributes **key** (initially un-initialized), **left** and **right**, and you can only change the value of the **key** attribute (if z is a node, you can write $z.\text{key}$, etc). You can modify A if you want to. You can assume that you have a helper function `is-empty(T)` that tests if a binary tree T is the empty binary tree.

Briefly justify correctness of your algorithm, and analyze its worst case runtime in terms of n and the height h of T (we only ask for a big-O). For full credit, your algorithm should run in worst case time $O(nh)$.